

February 2010

ECA Bulletin

Local Concerns. National Impact

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HIGH LEVEL WASTE: ECA CALLS ON DOE TO ANALYZE THE IMPACTS AND BEGIN DISCUSSIONS WITH COMMUNITIES

On February 25, ECA sent Secretary Chu a letter stating that DOE must address high-level waste and spent fuel issues with local communities. In the letter, ECA called on DOE to begin to analyze the safety hazard and impact on the environment in communities forced to store high level waste and spent fuel as a result of the decision to terminate Yucca Mountain. ECA communities are concerned about the potential risks and safety hazards of keeping high-level waste at our sites, and are frustrated by the lack of communication that has

come from DOE on the issue.

ECA believes DOE should:

- Begin to analyze the safety impacts of leaving the waste at our sites
- Engage in a formal discussion with communities and local governments to discuss safety issues and the path forward for communities

A copy of the letter can be found on pgs.7-8 and on the ECA website, www.energyca.org.

FY'11 BUDGET

EM and NNSA In Good Shape—For Now

On February 1, President Obama released his proposed budget for Fiscal Year 2011 which included \$28.4 billion for the Department of Energy (DOE). In his budget presentation at DOE, Secretary Chu emphasized the goals of the FY'11 budget including supporting a clean energy economy, encouraging energy innovations, and promoting nuclear security.

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STEPS TO ABANDON YUCCA LEAD TO LEGAL CHALLENGES FROM AIKEN, SC AND HANFORD BUSINESS LEADERS

Days after announcing the formation of a Blue Ribbon Commission to study alternatives for managing the nation's used nuclear fuel and nuclear waste – alternatives that will not include the Yucca Mountain repository – the Obama administration began taking steps this month to shutdown the Yucca Mountain program.

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Executive Committee



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STEPS TO ABANDON YUCCA



On February 1st the administration released its 2011 budget request, eliminating funding for the project and instructing the Department of Energy (DOE) to discontinue the license application for a high-level repository at Yucca Mountain. In his budget rollout presentation the same day, Secretary Chu announced DOE was filing a motion to stay all proceedings for 30 days, during which time DOE will move to withdraw the application. The Las Vegas Sun reported Secretary Chu had confirmed that the license would be withdrawn “with prejudice” — a legal definition that prohibits the project from being resubmitted in the future.

One day later, the Nuclear Regulatory Commission’s (NRC) Atomic Safety and Licensing Board issued an interim ruling to stop DOE lawyers and attorneys for the State of Nevada, among others, from preparing for license hearings and depositions scheduled to begin on February 17th. In the weeks that followed, the Atomic Safety and Licensing Board accepted a DOE request to halt most of the license hearings for Yucca. However, the administrative law judges did rule to keep open the question of how to preserve and archive all the documentation associated with the project.

DOE first submitted its application for the Yucca Mountain repository on June 3, 2008.

The reaction in some states to what appears to be the impending closure of the Yucca Mountain repository has been equally swift.

Lawsuit out of South Carolina

On February 17th, state Senator Greg Ryberg, (R-Aiken), introduced a bill (S.1194) in the South Carolina Senate to establish a “Nuclear Waste Escrow Account”. The bill provides that the Public Service Commission of South Carolina “direct utilities operating in the State that are generating or holding high-level radioactive waste or spent nuclear fuel” that are subject to pay fees into the Nuclear Waste Fund, should instead remit the fee to the State Treasurer to be deposited into the Nuclear Waste Escrow Account. The funds in the account may only be released to DOE, provided that the Commission certifies that DOE is operating a federal repository for the long-term storage and permanent disposal of spent nuclear fuel and high-level radioactive waste, and that the repository has agreed to accept spent nuclear fuel and high-level radioactive waste stored in South Carolina.

The bill also allows the Commission to spend accumulated interest in the account to fund studies that address long-term high-level radioactive waste storage issues and to:

- Develop a storage plan by January 15, 2012, and every three years thereafter, that address issues including, among others: security, monitoring and maintenance of storage casks and facility, monitoring the health of nearby communities, and continuous monitoring of the environment around the storage facility.
- Recognize the “special risks, responsibilities and financial burdens imposed by the presence of high-level radioactive waste storage facilities on local communities and . . . ensure that local communities are adequately prepared to provide public safety and other necessary services, including fire and police protection, emergency medical response, and other emergency operations, as long as high-level radioactive waste is stored at those facilities.”

As proposed, the Act would take effect on July 1, 2010.

Aiken County Files Suit Against DOE

Two days later, on February 19th, the nine county council members for Aiken County voted unanimously to file suit. The lawsuit charges the federal government with violating provisions of the Nuclear Waste Policy Act of 1982, as amended (NWPA), which requires that DOE seek a license for and develop the geologic repository at Yucca Mountain, and that the NRC act on

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STEPS TO ABANDON YUCCA

the License Application. It also states that DOE's actions violate the National Environmental Policy Act (NEPA), as withdrawing the License Application "with prejudice" will terminate the project "even though DOE's Record of Decision on the project rejected any "No Action Alternative."

South Carolina Governor Mark Sanford says the State is also looking at legal options. There is currently more than 4,000 metric tons of nuclear waste at the Savannah River Site destined for the repository at Yucca Mountain.

Washington Weighs Options

The federal government will face a similar lawsuit from three Tri-City leaders in the State of Washington. In a February 18th letter to the White House, the three leaders, including Gary Peterson, the Tri-City Development Council's vice chairman for Hanford programs, said that President Obama's and Secretary Chu's actions to halt the Yucca Mountain program violated the federal NWPA and asked to discuss the issues before taking any legal action. Believing the White House unlikely to reply, and threatened legal action ineffective, the group filed suit with the U.S. Court of Appeals on February 25th to help ensure the project cannot be abandoned.

The three leaders expressed their concern for public health, safety and environmental risk at Hanford and in the Tri-Cities if the high-level waste stored in Hanford's underground tanks has no permanent disposition path. Another concern, as Mr. Peterson outlined in *The Seattle Post-Intelligencer* is the \$12.2 vitrification plant currently under construction at Hanford. It is designed to turn high-level radioactive waste into glassified waste specifically intended to meet the radioactive content requirements and shaped to fit the physical requirements of Yucca Mountain. Furthermore, abandoning Yucca Mountain could put the Tri-Party agreement that includes legally binding environmental cleanup requirements and schedules at Hanford at risk.

Next steps

The Department still has to file a motion with the NRC to officially withdraw the license application; a move that is rumored will happen by the first week of March. The News Tribune quoted DOE spokeswoman Jenni

Lee on February 23rd, "The department is confident it has full legal authority to take all the steps it has taken regarding Yucca Mountain."

Opposition is not likely from any of the President Obama's three nominees to the NRC. All three were asked by Senator Barbara Boxer (D-CA) during a Senate hearing whether they would "second guess the Department of Energy's decision to withdraw the license application for Yucca Mountain from the NRC's review." All responded, "No."

DOE's plans to abandon Yucca Mountain will directly affect local communities and governments. Yet while the Administration, DOE, and the NRC refer to having time to consider all the alternatives, they have not been forthcoming about the scientific basis for the decision to withdraw the license application, for how they will assess the risk of leaving waste on-site, nor for how those most directly impacted by DOE decisions on high-level waste will be engaged in any future decision-making.

As Gary Peterson remarked in a recent interview with ECA, "Yucca Mountain is the site that has been selected for 25 years. Every one of the sites is used to doing Environmental Impact Statements and public hearings. Now we have a decision being made that impacts all 16 of the weapons-complex sites in 13 states -- no public involvement, no EIS, and no plan whatsoever for what to do in the future if there is no Yucca."

ECA sent a letter to Secretary Chu requesting a dialogue with communities on the issues and stating that DOE must address high-level waste and spent fuel issues with local communities in light of the recent decision to abandon Yucca Mountain (see pg 7 for a copy of the letter).

ADMINISTRATION'S LOAN GUARANTEES SHOW SUPPORT FOR NEW NUCLEAR

President Obama recently announced \$8.33 billion in loan guarantees to support the construction and operation of two new nuclear reactors in Georgia – the first new nuclear project of its kind in the U.S. in over 30 years. The conditional commitment came even as funding for Yucca Mountain was zeroed out, and a Blue Ribbon Commission was directed back to the drawing board on long-term civilian (and defense) spent nuclear fuel and nuclear waste management.

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ADMINISTRATION'S LOAN GUARANTEES SHOW SUPPORT FOR NEW NUCLEAR

The announcement was intended to help demonstrate the Administration's commitment to new nuclear energy projects as part of a strategy to meet growing energy demand, reduce greenhouse gas emissions, and create clean-energy jobs. In a press release on February 16th, DOE cited industry projections that the Southern Company led project in Burke, Georgia will create approximately 3,500 jobs while the units are under construction and 800 permanent jobs once the reactors are operational.

Nuclear proponents believe the loan guarantees will help spur a nuclear renaissance, development of advanced nuclear technologies and a bipartisan approach to energy and climate legislation. Opponents are concerned about safety, waste management, historic construction and regulatory delays, and shifting financial risk from the private sector to taxpayers. Still, some aspects of the proposed guarantee remain to be finalized – including the credit subsidy payment to the government if the project is not completed. However, no monies will be available until the Nuclear Regulatory Commission approves operating licenses for the reactors.

This loan guarantee would come from the \$18.5 billion originally authorized in the Energy Policy Act of 2005 for projects that “avoid, reduce or sequester air pollutants or anthropogenic emissions of greenhouse gases.” It would be the first nuclear loan guarantee offered under the Act.

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FY'11 BUDGET

Secretary Chu identified DOE's Strategic Objectives, including restarting the American nuclear power industry, promoting non-proliferation and nuclear security and focusing on Environmental Cleanup to reduce the Cold War Legacy footprint by 40% by 2011.

Like last year, this year's budget reflects an emphasis on innovation and renewable and clean energy technologies. Solar, wind and geothermal projects all received increased funding in this budget request. The budget also included an additional \$36 billion in loan guarantee authority for new nuclear power plants. This is in addition to the \$18.5 billion in loan guarantee authority authorized by the Energy Policy Act of 2005. The budget will fully fund the three existing Energy Innovation Hubs, and will provide funding for a fourth Hub which will specialize in Batteries and Energy Storage.

Funding Highlights by Office (see chart on pg. 10 for detailed funding breakdown)

NNSA

In order to support the President's nuclear security agenda the FY'11 budget request includes \$11.2 billion for NNSA a 13.5% increase from \$9.8 billion for FY'10. This request includes \$7 billion for weapons activities and \$2.68 billion for defense nuclear nonproliferation.

Environmental Management

The budget request includes \$6.047 billion for EM, up from \$6 billion in FY'10. Of note is a 12% decrease in funding for Idaho National Laboratory.

Nuclear Energy

The NE budget request for FY'11 is \$912 million a 5% increase over FY'10 (\$870 million). The FY'11 budget instructs DOE to discontinue and withdraw the license application for a repository at Yucca Mountain (see related story on p. 1). The request also instructs NE to take over used fuel activities previously performed by the Office of Civilian Radioactive Waste Management.

Energy Efficiency and Renewable Energy

The EERE budget request for FY'11 is \$2.355 billion, an increase of 5% from FY'10 (\$2.243 billion).

Office of Science

The Office of Science budget request for FY'11 is \$5.121 billion, and increase of 4% from FY'10 (\$4.904 billion).

Overall ECA is pleased to see flat funding for EM and increased funding for NNSA. Now it is time for the appropriations process to begin. Budget hearings have already begun. ECA will keep you updated on the schedule of the hearings (see budget process chart on pg. 10). Overall, ECA is pleased to see such a large increase for NNSA and flat funding for EM after rumors of large cuts in funding for EM (see related story on p.6). ECA will keep you updated as the budget process continues.

NUCLEAR POSTURE REVIEW TO BE RELEASED MID-MARCH

The Defense Department is scheduled to release the US Nuclear Posture Review (NPR) in mid-March. The report was originally scheduled to be released in December of 2009. Its release was pushed back to February 1 to coincide with the release of the FY 2011 budget request, but was delayed again due to the complexity of the issues being addressed. ECA will provide a summary of the reports findings in next month's Bulletin.

ECA TO HOST PEER EXCHANGE ON NUCLEAR WORKFORCE DEVELOPMENT

With support from the Department of Energy's Office of Nuclear Energy (DOE-NE), ECA will be hosting a Peer Exchange on Nuclear Workforce Development and Training. The meeting will address nuclear workforce issues including training challenges communities may face as interest in nuclear energy, research, education and workforce development increases.

When: Thursday, April 22 – Friday, April 23, 2010
An optional tour of the Savannah River Site will be offered on Wednesday, April 21st

Who: ECA Local Governments, unions, college and university representatives, Community Reuse Organizations, economic development entities, and the Department of Energy

Why: The purpose of the meeting is to discuss workforce development and training issues in response to renewed interest in the economic, secure, and sustainable expansion of nuclear energy.

The meeting will focus on roundtable discussions among participants on issues such as:

- Identifying training programs and needs for a workforce for the next generation of nuclear facilities.
- Building partnerships to best identify resources and outreach strategies for a shared workforce development initiative.
- Finding and applying for nuclear workforce development grants.
- Developing educational opportunities.
- Sharing a Case Study: Savannah River Site Community Reuse Organization's (SRS CRO) Regional Workforce Development Initiative.

If you are interested in participating, please contact ECA staff at: 202.828.2423 or send an email to kara.colton@energyca.org for registration materials.

Key Dates in the Budget Process

Feb 1 — President Obama submits FY' 11 Budget to Congress

Feb 2 — Congressional Committees begin budget hearings

March-April — House/Senate Appropriations Subcommittee Markups

April 15 — Frequently missed deadline for Congress to complete its annual budget resolution. The resolution sets a limit on discretionary spending and may include instructions for a reconciliation bill.

May 15 — The date after which the House may consider FY' 11 spending bills even if a budget resolution has not been adopted

July 3 — Beginning of Congress' Independence Day recess, the informal deadline that House leaders set for passing the 12 regular appropriations bills.

July 15 — President submits his mid-session review of the budget to Congress, includes deficit estimates

July-Sept — House/Senate Appropriations Conference Committee

Aug 7 — Beginning of Senate's summer recess, informal deadline for Senate passing all 12 regular appropriations bills.

Sept — House and Senate approve Appropriations Conference report/President signs Appropriations Bills

Oct 1 — FY' 11 begins. A continuing resolution is required to finance any agency whose appropriations bill has not been enacted.

ECA HOSTS MEMBER CONFERENCE CALL

Due to two blizzards that hit the DC area in the beginning of February, ECA was unable to hold its Annual Conference on February 11. For the few brave souls that made it to DC, ECA hosted a small meeting at our office. Many ECA members were also able to call in to hear an analysis on the budget and upcoming year from Martin Schneider, editor-in-chief from Exchange Monitor Publications and Nithin Akuthota from ETEBA and a discussion of some key ECA issues.

The call began with Mr. Schneider's thoughts on the President's budget and what it means for the future of DOE sites. He identified three main challenges that communities need to pay attention to:

1. The administration demonstrated its lack of support for the EM program with its initial proposal for the EM budget

As ECA reported in previous months, before the budget came out it was rumored that the EM program would be cut by up to \$500 million. The efforts of some key politicians including Senator Patty Murray ensured that funding for EM remained flat in the actual budget proposal, but the fact that the administration initially planned to cut funding for EM shows a lack of support for the program.

2. EM's slow spending of ARRA funds will be a risk this year

Currently DOE has only spent about 20% of its ARRA funds. The fact that EM still has \$5 billion to spend on ARRA programs in addition to the \$6.047 billion that is in the FY'11 request might make EM a target during the appropriations process as law-makers could view EM as a potential pot of funding for other programs.

3. The impact of the Blue Ribbon Commission

The announcement of the Blue Ribbon Commission states that Yucca Mountain is off the table (for now). Hopefully the panel will come up with a real solution for our country's nuclear waste. ECA will work to make sure the commission engages in a real dialogue with local communities to ensure that our communities' concerns are adequately addressed.

Mr. Akuthota continued with a look at the DOE budget and the year ahead (Mr. Akuthota's presentation can be found on the ECA website). The presentation began

with a rundown of funding for DOE programs (see related budget story on p.1). He highlighted the large increase in funding for NNSA particularly LANL and Oak Ridge. He also talked about various funding opportunities for sustainable communities through EPA, DOT and HUD and discussed S. 538 and H.R. 4413, bills on promoting science parks through the Department of Commerce. Mr. Akuthota noted that these bills might provide an opportunity to include Energy Parks in the legislation.

Seth Kirshenberg, ECA Executive Director, added that this year ECA does not expect Congress to pass the Appropriations Bills before FY 10 ends. Communities need to be aware that if a continuing resolution passes then the government and its programs will be funded at current levels for a couple of months. Appropriations requests may not be enacted until next February.

ECA members then discussed the challenges for Energy Parks in the coming year. Mr. Schneider suggested that for Energy Parks to be successful they need federal support and there has to be incentives beyond free land for industrial partners to get involved. Members stressed that congressional support is essential for the initiative to succeed and some members discussed their efforts to get their Senators and Representatives involved. ECA plans to hold a conference call in March to discuss the most recent Energy Parks developments. ECA is also in the process of selecting a date and location for an Energy Parks Peer Exchange, most likely late May or early June (see announcement on p.9).

Next, ECA members discussed high-level waste issues and how ECA should proceed now that Yucca Mountain has been "taken off the table." ECA members agreed that it is crucial for local communities to have an opportunity to interact with the Blue Ribbon Commission and make sure they are aware of the impact on local communities. ECA members also discussed the need for DOE to discuss risks and impacts on communities in a formal forum.

Finally, ECA members agreed that any Manhattan Project National Historical Park needs to include all three communities: Hanford, Los Alamos and Oak Ridge.

ENERGY COMMUNITIES ALLIANCE

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February 25, 2010

The Honorable Steven Chu
Secretary, U.S. Department of Energy
1000 Independence Avenue
Washington, DC 20585

Subject: Department of Energy Must Address High-Level Waste and Spent Fuel Issues with Local Communities in Light of Recent Decision to Abandon Yucca Mountain

Dear Secretary Chu:

In December, Energy Communities Alliance (ECA), the organization of local communities adjacent to and impacted by DOE facilities, wrote to you and expressed concern about DOE's plans to abandon Yucca Mountain as a geological depository for high-level waste and spent fuel. In that letter ECA asked that DOE: 1) Engage local communities and governments on high-level waste and spent fuel decisions; and 2) Analyze the impact of DOE's decision to leave defense high-level waste and spent fuel in communities.

On February 2, 2010, DOE filed a request to suspend the Yucca Mountain license application and announced plans to withdraw it completely within a month. Some leaders have suggested that sites, including ECA member communities that currently host high-level waste and spent fuel, may become long-term storage sites. To date, ECA member communities and local governments have received little information from DOE on your plans to address the safe, long-term storage, and ultimate disposition of high-level waste and spent fuel in our communities. ECA communities and local governments are concerned about the risks and impacts of leaving the waste in place, and are frustrated by the lack of communication that has come from DOE on the issue. ECA believes that DOE should clarify its position on high-level waste and spent fuel and open a formal dialogue with our members to discuss questions including:

- What is DOE's plan to address high-level waste and spent fuel?
- How long will it take DOE to address high-level waste and spent fuel in communities?
- What is the environmental impact of the decision to abandon the NRC's license review for Yucca Mountain to determine if it is safe and the right place to dispose of high-level waste and spent fuel?
- What is the risk to communities of keeping waste at the sites indefinitely?
- Will DOE propose that an independent agency regulate DOE defense high-level waste

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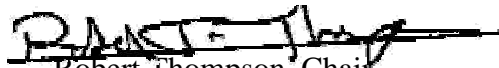
and spent fuel to ensure protection of human health and the environment?

A central tenet of environmental health and safety is to communicate with the communities that are most impacted by the decision. In the past, DOE has engaged individual communities when decisions regarding health and safety arise in that community. In this instance, DOE's silence and unwillingness to address these issues only raises concerns.

In order to address the potential risk to communities, ECA believes **DOE should begin to analyze the safety and the impact on the environment in communities forced to store high-level waste and spent fuel as a result of the decision to terminate Yucca Mountain. DOE should provide local governments with funds to acquire third party technical assistance to analyze the impacts and monitor the storage of high-level waste and spent fuel in our communities.** As we stated in our December letter, ECA is very knowledgeable on these defense high-level waste and spent fuel issues and has worked with communities, DOE, Congress and industry - most recently on discussions of reprocessing and interim storage. ECA hopes to work with you to find a sustainable path forward that is both environmentally sound and in the taxpayers' best interest. We believe a formal meeting between local community representatives and DOE is a critical first step in finding a solution for the disposal of high-level waste and spent fuel.

If you have any questions, please contact me or Seth Kirshenberg, Executive Director, at Energy Communities Alliance at 202-828-2494.

Sincerely,



Robert Thompson, Chair
Energy Communities Alliance,
Council Member, Richland, WA

Bulletin Ideas?

Would you like to have stories featured in the next Bulletin? Send your ideas and photos to Allison@energyca.org



MANHATTAN PROJECT SITES SPECIAL RESOURCE STUDY UPDATE



The open house meetings for the Manhattan Project Sites Special Resource Study have taken place and were well attended. ECA's letter in support of a modified version of Alternative E, has been submitted to the National Park Service and portions of the letter were read at the Hanford, Los Alamos and Oak Ridge meetings. ECA's letter can be found on our website (www.energyca.org) along with comments submitted by ECA communities. The comment period for the Manhattan Project Sites Special Resource Study will end on March 1, 2010. To submit comments electronically please go to <http://parkplanning.nps.gov/mapr>.

DOE INSPECTOR GENERAL AUDIT REPORT: THE DISPOSITION OF URANIUM-233 AT OAK RIDGE NATIONAL LABORATORY

After four years of effort by the Office of Environmental Management and the expenditure of \$36 million, the Uranium-233 disposition project has yet to be completed. The Inspector General's office found that after 4 year the project planning and design have yet to be completed and that the cost baseline for the project was approved relying on inaccurate assumptions and is likely to be unreliable. The report goes on to say, "since taking over the project in 2005, EM has not ensured that appropriate Federal leadership was applied to the project."

The report says that EM management has recently acted to provide consistent project management oversight to the project, but the report recommends that Assistant

Secretary Triay ensure that 1) consistent and adequate Departmental leadership is maintained; 2) The contractor's performance provides a sound basis for final design and baseline approval; and 3) future limited liability companies have a majority ownership partner and are structured to provide adequate leadership over the project. EM concurred with the report and its recommendations, and stated that steps to complete Recommendations 1 and 3 were complete. Recommendation 2 will be kept open until the contractor's 90% design review and project baseline are completed and approved. To view the complete report please go to: <http://www.ig.energy.gov/documents/IG-0834.pdf>.



ECA PLANS TO HOST ENERGY PARKS CONFERENCE CALL IN MARCH, PEER EXCHANGE IN JUNE

Based on several conversations between ECA Energy Park Committee Chair Mike Grauwelman, ECA staff members and DOE, ECA feels the time is right to host an ECA conference call on Energy Parks. The conference call will take place in mid-March. ECA will send out more information as it becomes available. If you would like to participate in the call or would like more information please contact Allison at 202-828-2423 or Allison@energyca.org.

ECA is also in the process of finalizing a date and location for an early summer Energy Parks Peer Exchange. Look for more information soon!

Department of Energy
Budget by Organization
 (discretionary dollars in thousands)

Discretionary Summary By Organization	FY 2009	FY 2009	FY 2010	FY 2011	FY 2011 vs. FY 2010	
	Current Approp.	Current Recovery	Current Approp.	Congressional Request	\$	%
National Security						
Weapons Activities	6,410,000	0	6,384,431	7,008,835	+624,404	+9.8%
Defense Nuclear Nonproliferation	1,545,071	0	2,136,709	2,687,167	+550,458	+25.8%
Naval Reactors	828,054	0	945,133	1,070,486	+125,353	+13.3%
Office of the Administrator	439,190	0	410,754	448,267	+37,513	+9.1%
<i>Total, National Nuclear Security Administration</i>	<i>9,222,315</i>	<i>0</i>	<i>9,877,027</i>	<i>11,214,755</i>	<i>+1,337,728</i>	<i>+13.5%</i>
Energy and Environment						
Energy Efficiency and Renewable Energy	2,156,865	16,771,907	2,242,500	2,355,473	+112,973	+5.0%
Electricity Delivery and Energy Reliability	134,629	4,495,712	171,982	185,930	+13,948	+8.1%
Fossil Energy	1,097,003	3,398,607	951,133	760,358	-190,775	-20.1%
Nuclear Energy	1,357,263	0	869,995	912,252	+42,257	+4.9%
<i>Total, Energy</i>	<i>4,745,760</i>	<i>24,666,226</i>	<i>4,235,610</i>	<i>4,214,013</i>	<i>-21,597</i>	<i>-0.5%</i>
Environment						
Environmental Management	5,990,667	6,000,000	6,007,854	6,047,000	+39,146	+0.7%
Civilian Radioactive Waste Management	288,390	0	196,800	0	-196,800	-100.0%
Office of Legacy Management	185,981	0	190,802	188,626	-2,176	-1.1%
<i>Total, Environment</i>	<i>6,465,038</i>	<i>6,000,000</i>	<i>6,395,456</i>	<i>6,235,626</i>	<i>-159,830</i>	<i>-2.5%</i>
<i>Total, Energy and Environment</i>	<i>11,210,798</i>	<i>30,666,226</i>	<i>10,631,066</i>	<i>10,449,639</i>	<i>-181,427</i>	<i>-1.7%</i>
Science						
Advanced Research Projects Agency - Energy	15,000	388,856	0	299,966	+299,966	N/A
Corporate Management						
Office of the Secretary	5,700	4,800	5,864	7,864	+2,000	+34.1%
Cost of Work and Revenues	-68,780	0	-72,203	-71,203	+1,000	+1.4%
Chief Information Officer	115,500	5,700	103,063	102,163	-900	-0.9%
Chief Financial Officer	43,257	15,000	62,981	62,731	-250	-0.4%
Management	67,790	10,000	78,456	86,675	+8,219	+10.5%
Human Resources	31,436	2,800	29,537	27,560	-1,977	-6.7%
Hearings and Appeals	6,603	0	6,444	6,444	—	—
Congressional and Intergovernmental Affairs	6,200	0	10,326	6,326	-4,000	-38.7%
Public Affairs	3,780	0	4,500	4,500	—	—
Office of Indian Energy Policy and Programs	0	0	0	0	—	—
General Counsel	31,233	3,200	32,478	36,654	+4,176	+12.9%
Policy and International Affairs	23,000	0	30,253	30,253	—	—
Economic Impact and Diversity	4,400	500	6,671	6,337	-334	-5.0%
Inspector General	51,927	15,000	51,927	42,850	-9,077	-17.5%
<i>Total, Corporate Management</i>	<i>322,046</i>	<i>57,000</i>	<i>350,297</i>	<i>349,154</i>	<i>-1,143</i>	<i>-0.3%</i>
Credit Programs						
Innovative Technology Loan Guarantee Program	0	0	0	500,000	+500,000	N/A
Advanced Technology Vehicles Manufacturing Loan	7,510,000	10,000	20,000	9,998	-10,002	-50.0%
Section 1705 Temporary Loan Guarantee Program	0	3,960,000	0	0	—	—
<i>Total, Credit Programs</i>	<i>7,510,000</i>	<i>3,970,000</i>	<i>20,000</i>	<i>509,998</i>	<i>+489,998</i>	<i>+2,450.0%</i>
Health, Safety and Security						
Energy Information Administration	447,470	0	443,882	464,211	+20,329	+4.6%
Power Marketing Administrations	110,595	0	110,595	128,833	+18,238	+16.5%
Federal Energy Regulatory Commission	234,139	10,000	99,477	95,477	-4,000	-4.0%
Domestic Utility Fees	-23,080	0	-28,886	-29,111	-225	-0.8%
Cost of Implementing Reclassification of Receipts, PMAs	0	0	0	-200,000	-200,000	N/A
<i>Total, Discretionary Funding</i>	<i>33,856,453</i>	<i>36,725,000</i>	<i>26,596,552</i>	<i>28,404,359</i>	<i>+1,807,807</i>	<i>+6.8%</i>

*The Defense Environmental Cleanup/Uranium Enrichment Decontamination and Decommissioning Fund accounts reflect correctly the Administration's policy for the Department's FY 2011 request. These accounts include \$47 million that was inadvertently omitted from the official Budget request. A budget amendment is expected to be forthcoming to formally correct for this error.

2010

March 4	Richland Operation Office, WA—1334 Longworth House Office Building (8:00am—9:00am)
March 11	Idaho National Laboratory—1334 Longworth House Office Building (8:00am—9:00am)
March 16	Portsmouth/Paducah Project Office, OH-KY (8:00am—9:00am)
March 18	Savannah River, SC—1334 Longworth House Office Building (8:00am—9:00am)
March 25	Office of River Protection, WA—1334 Longworth House Office Building (8:00am—9:00am)
March 31	Environmental Management Advisory Board (EMAB) meeting, Washington, DC
March 31	Energy Department reports to Congress on its plutonium "pit" production plan (Senate Report 108-105, p. 110)
April 21-23	ECA Nuclear Workforce Development Peer Exchange. Contact Kara Colton at kara@energyca.org for more information
May 1	Energy Department submits to Congress a plan for maintaining the nuclear weapons stockpile (50 U.S. Code Sec. 2523)
June	ECA Peer Exchange—Energy Parks
June	National Nuclear Security Administration, issues the draft environmental impact statement on the continued operation of the Nevada Test Site
September	National Academy of Sciences releases a report on <i>Risk-Based Approaches for Securing the DOE Nuclear Weapons Complex</i> (estimate)
Fall	National Nuclear Security Administration issues the final Site-Wide Environmental Impact Statement for the Y-12 National Security Complex
October 1	FY'11 Federal budget year begins



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